

Safeguarding 3



Prevent Radicalisation and Extremism by Acting Early

Definitions



Radicalisation is when someone starts to believe or support extreme views, and in some cases, then participates in terrorist groups or acts. It can be motivated by a range of factors, including ideologies, religious beliefs, political beliefs and prejudices against particular groups of people.

Definitions



Extremism is defined as the support or promotion of an ideology based on violence, hatred, or intolerance that aims to deny or destroy the fundamental rights and freedoms of others.



It can be hard to know what to do when
someone you know starts to express
extreme views or hatred

Michael's Story



- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PZfv4Y36jzc>



Spotting the signs

Friends and family are often the first to spot worrying changes in a person's views or behaviour;

- Being influenced or controlled by a group
- An obsessive or angry desire to change something
- Time online researching and/or sharing extreme views
- Need for identity, meaning and belonging

Children can become



- Increasingly isolated from their friends or family
- Act like they are talking from a script
- Become intolerant of other people's views
- Being secretive about who they are meeting or talking to online

What help is available?



Talk to an adult you can trust

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XnLOAVF5Nm8>

If you are worried about someone get support



- Talk to an adult you trust
- Sometimes a person's behaviour can be linked to other issues and is not connected to radicalisation. If you are not sure, talk this through with someone you trust.

Share a concern



Call the ACT Early Support Line on
0800 011 3764, in confidence, to share your concerns with
our specially trained officers. The Support Line is open
9:00am – 5:00pm every day



Kendrick School

Mustafa's letter to himself



Not for the assembly – I just liked this

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fmRALOYI47Y>